

**CMR TECHNICAL CAMPUS  
UGC AUTONOMOUS**

**B. Tech. I Sem Supply End Examinations, January-2024  
Engineering Chemistry  
Common to CSE, IT, CSM**

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

**Note**

- i. This Question paper contains Part- A and Part- B.
- ii. All the Questions in Part A are to be answered compulsorily.
- iii. All Questions from Part B are to be answered with internal choice among them.

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**PART-A**

10 X 02 = 10 Marks

		Marks	CO	BL	
1.	a	Distinguish the bond order of O <sub>2</sub> molecule.	2M	CO1	L4
	b	Identify any four salient features of CFT.	2M	CO1	L3
	c	Explain temporary and permanent hardness of water?	2M	CO2	L2
	d	Why is Calgon conditioning better than Phosphate conditioning.	2M	CO2	L1
	e	What is Pitting corrosion?	2M	CO3	L1
	f	Derive Nernst equation for single electrode potential.	2M	CO3	L3
	g	Illustrate Saytzeff's rule (Dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides)	2M	CO4	L2
	h	Explain the Anti Markownikoff's rule with example.	2M	CO4	L2
	i	Write the principle of electronic magnetic spectrum.	2M	CO5	L1
	j	List the various applications of electronic spectroscopy.	2M	CO5	L1

**PART- B**

5 X 10 = 50 Marks

		Marks	CO	BL	
2.	a	Write the energy level diagram for N <sub>2</sub> calculate the bond order, magnetic properties?	6M	CO1	L3
	b	Enumerate the salient features of Crystal field theory.	4M	CO1	L2
OR					
3	a	Explain crystal field splitting of transition metal ion d- orbital tetrahedral complexes.	4M	CO1	L2
	b	Write the energy, level diagram for NO and calculate the bond order, magnetic properties.	6M	CO1	L3

- 4 a Summarize a short note on the following  
a) Phosphate conditioning b) Ozonisation 4M CO2 L2  
b Explain the principle of EDTA method? Describe the  
estimation of hardness of water by EDTA method. 6M CO2 L5  
OR
- 5 a What is the principle of reverse osmosis? What are main  
advantage of reverse osmosis over ion exchange process? 6M CO2 L1  
b A Sample of hard water contains the following dissolved  
salts per litre.  $\text{CaCl}_2=111\text{mgs}$ ,  $\text{CaSO}_4=13.6\text{mgs}$ ,  $\text{Ca}$   
 $(\text{HCO}_3)_2=16.2\text{mgs}$ ,  $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2=14.6\text{mgs}$ , silica=40mgs,  
Turbidity=10mgs. Calculate the temporary, permanent and  
total hardness of water in ppm 4M CO2 L3
- 6 a Discuss the construction and working of calomel electrode  
with a neat diagram. 6M CO3 L6  
b Discuss the various factors affecting rate of corrosion. 4M CO3 L3  
OR
- 7 a Explain the construction and working of lead acid battery.  
Write down the reactions taking place during charging and  
discharging. 6M CO3 L5  
b Write a short note on the following 4M CO3 L3  
(i) Galvanic Corrosion (ii) Waterline Corrosion
- 8 a Differentiate between SN1 & SN2 reactions. 6M CO4 L2  
b What is LAH? Write down product of below reaction 4M CO4 L1  
 $\text{Cyclohexanone} + \text{LAH} \rightarrow$   
OR
- 9 a Illustrate synthesis and medicinal applications of Aspirin  
(Analgesic) 6M CO4 L3  
b Differentiate between Enantiomers and Diastereomers. 4M CO4 L2
- 10 a Discuss the principle and selection rules of rotational  
spectroscopy. 4M CO5 L6  
b Write a short note on the following 6M CO5 L3  
(i) Applications of NMR (ii) MRI  
OR
- 11 a List the various applications of vibrational spectroscopy. 4M CO5 L4  
b Write a short note on the following 6M CO5 L3  
(i) Chemical Shift (ii) Spin-Spin splitting.

CO : Course Outcomes

BL : Bloom's Taxonomy Levels

L 1 : Remembering

L 2 : Understanding

L 3 : Applying

L 4 : Analysing

L 5 : Evaluating

L 6 : Creating

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## CMR TECHNICAL CAMPUS

## UGC AUTONOMOUS

B. Tech. II Sem Supply End Examinations, January-2024

Engineering Chemistry

Common to CE, ME, AIML, CSG, ECE, CSD

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

## Note

- i. This Question paper contains Part- A and Part- B.
- ii. All the Questions in Part A are to be answered compulsorily.
- iii. All Questions from Part B are to be answered with internal choice among them.

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## PART-A

10 X 02 = 20 Marks

	Marks	CO	BL
1. a Derive the bond order of N <sub>2</sub> molecule.	2M	CO1	L4
b Draw the $\Pi$ molecular orbital of butadiene.	2M	CO1	L3
c Identify break point of chlorination? State its significance.	2M	CO2	L3
d What are the specification of potable water?	2M	CO2	L1
e What is electrochemical series and write its applications.	2M	CO3	L1
f Differentiate primary and secondary batteries with suitable examples.	2M	CO3	L2
g Define enantiomers and give one example.	2M	CO4	L1
h Differentiate between structural and stereo isomers	2M	CO4	L1
i Write the principle of Lambert Beer's Law.	2M	CO5	L1
j Predict the Woodward-fieser rule.	2M	CO5	L6

## PART- B

5 X 10 = 50 Marks

	Marks	CO	BL
2. a Write the energy level diagram for O <sub>2</sub> and calculate the bond order and magnetic properties.	5M	CO1	L3
b Define Atomic & molecular orbitals? Explain the Linear combination of atomic orbitals (LCAO) into molecular orbitals.	5M	CO1	L2
OR			
3 a Explain crystal field splitting of transition metal ion d- orbital octahedral complexes.	5M	CO1	L2
b Write the energy level diagram for N <sub>2</sub> and calculate the bond order and magnetic properties.	5M	CO1	L3
4 a Explain the principle of EDTA method? Describe the	6M	CO2	L5

- estimation of hardness of water by EDTA method.
- b A Sample of hard water contains the following dissolved salts per litre.  $\text{CaCl}_2=111\text{mgs}$ ,  $\text{CaSO}_4=13.6\text{mgs}$ ,  $\text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2=16.2\text{mgs}$ ,  $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2=14.6\text{mgs}$ , silica=40mgs, Turbidity=10mgs. Calculate the temporary, permanent and total hardness of water in ppm
- OR
- 5 a Explain the purification of water by ion exchange process and give its advantages and disadvantages. 4M CO2 L4
- b Summarize a short note on the following 4M CO2 L2  
a) Calgon conditioning b) Colloidal conditioning
- 6 a Explain the construction of Quinhydrone electrode and write determination of pH using Quinhydrone electrode. 6M CO3 L5
- b Write a short note on the following 4M CO3 L2  
(i) Sacrificial anodic protection method  
(ii) Electroplating.
- OR
- 7 a Explain the electrochemical theory of wet corrosion and give its mechanism. 6M CO3 L3
- b Discuss the lead-acid battery with reactions occurring during discharge. 4M CO3 L6
- 8 a Explain the Markownikoff's rule with examples. 4M CO4 L5
- b Develop the synthesis of Grignard reagent? Write the applications of Grignard reagent. 6M CO4 L3
- OR
- 9 a Develop the synthesis of Paracetamol and write any two medicinal properties? 5M CO4 L6
- b Explain the conformational isomers of n-Butane. 5M CO4 L5
- 10 a Discuss the principle and selection rules of vibrational spectroscopy. 4M CO5 L6
- b Summarize a short note on the following 6M CO5 L2  
(i) Chemical Shift (ii) Spin-Spin splitting.
- OR
- 11 a List the various applications of electronic spectroscopy. 4M CO5 L4
- b Explain the following 6M CO5 L2  
(i) Applications of NMR (ii) MRI

CO : Course Outcomes

BL : Bloom's Taxonomy Levels

L 1 : Remembering	L 2 : Understanding
L 3 : Applying	L 4 : Analysing
L 5 : Evaluating	L 6 : Creating

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